

# How parents can develop their children's interpretation and translation skills

- Praise children and encourage them to speak the languages they know as much as possible.
- Encourage children to read in all the languages they know.
- Provide resources such as dictionaries, books, and language games.
- Encourage the school to develop and give credit for these abilities.
- Encourage the community to give credit to children and youth who are developing these skills.
- Encourage children to practice interpreting and translating in friendly and non-stressful environments.

## Do not put children in situations:

- beyond their capabilities
- that are potentially conflictual or embarrassing
- where the responsibilities are too great for children to handle

***“Translation provides an easy avenue to enhance linguistic awareness and pride in bilingualism, particularly for minority bilingual children whose home language is not valued by the majority culture.”***

Malakoff, M., & Hakuta, K. (1991). Translation skills and metalinguistic awareness in bilinguals. In E. Bialystok (Ed.), *Language processing and language awareness in bilingual children* (pp. 141-166). New York: Oxford University Press.

## What is the NRC/GT?

The National Research Center on the Gifted and Talented (NRC/GT) is funded under the Jacob K. Javits Gifted and Talented Students Education Act, Office of Educational Research and Improvement, United States Department of Education. The mission of the NRC/GT is to plan and conduct theory-driven quality research that is problem-based, practice-relevant, and consumer-oriented.

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Applied or action research is featured rather than a review of extant literature.



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# What

parents and  
communities  
need to  
know  
about...

**BILINGUAL  
CHILDREN**  
interpreting  
and  
translating!

Bilingual children have  
special abilities and talents.  
One of these talents is  
the ability to interpret and  
translate.

Practitioners' Guide - A9817  
Heather Brookes & Claudia Angelleli

## What is interpretation/translation?

*It is the ability to restate a message given in one language in another language.*

- **Interpretation** is the ability to restate a spoken message in another language.
- **Translation** is the ability to restate a written message in another language.

## Who interprets/translates and why?

*In immigrant communities, bilingual children are often called upon to interpret/translate for family and community members who, in some situations, may not yet feel comfortable using the language of wider communication.*

## Where do they interpret/translate?

*Children interpret in many situations, for example:*

- shops
- bank
- school
- hospital or clinic
- police station
- social security office
- home:
  - with the neighbors
  - listening to the radio
  - watching television
  - talking on the telephone
  - reading documents
  - filling out forms

Being able to interpret/translate is a special gift and requires many skills.

*Young people who interpret/translate not only have the ability to speak two languages, but are also developing the abilities to:*

- *process complex information in two languages*
- *express complex ideas*
- *recall words quickly*
- *use the structures of both languages to communicate meaning*
- *listen carefully and understand*
- *convey a message accurately*
- *convey the intention of the speaker*
- *be sensitive towards meaning*
- *understand and mediate between cultures*
- *transfer meaning across different cultures*
- *manage social relations*
- *help overcome misunderstandings*
- *be sensitive to different social situations*
- *negotiate*
- *adapt to different situations*
- *solve problems*
- *take initiative*
- *self-evaluate*

The ability to interpret/translate can lead to an exciting professional career.

*Some people study to be interpreters specializing in the spoken form. Some people study to be translators specializing in the written form. Some people choose to train as both interpreters and translators.*

## Community Interpreters

*Interpreting for social services, school districts, and community organizations.*

## Conference Interpreters

*Interpreting for international academic conferences, business meetings, political leaders, and presidents.*

## Court Interpreters

*Interpreting for plaintiffs, defendants, and witnesses in courts of law.*

## Medical Interpreters

*Interpreting for doctors, nurses and, patients in hospitals and clinics.*

## Telephone Interpreters

*Interpreting in all situations on the telephone where two parties do not share the same language of communication.*

## Translators

*Translators translate written texts such as:*

- **medical/scientific documents**
- **textbooks**
- **literature**
- **non-fiction**
- **film and media**
- **government/legal documents**